

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/536,727	03/28/2000	Michael T. Rossides	5508		
75	590 05/21/2003				
Michael T Rossides			EXAMINER		
11167 E Miraso Scottsdale, AZ			RETTA, YEHDEGA		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3622		
			DATE MAILED: 05/21/2003	<b>,</b>	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/536,727	ROSSIDES, MICHAEL T.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Yehdega Retta	2162			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status 1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 J	January 2003				
2a)⊠	•	is action is non-final.				
3)□	•—	•	consultion as to the marite is			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) $\underline{4}$ is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
	on Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) □ approved b) □ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment	2(s)					
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			
J.S. Patent and Tr	ademark Office					

PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

This office action is in response to amendment filled January 31, 2003. Claims 2 and 3 have been cancelled and claim 4 have been added.

#### Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 4 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claim 4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The basis of this rejection is set forth in a two-prong test of. (1) Whether the invention is within the technological arts; and (2) whether the invention produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result.

1. For a claimed invention to be statutory, the claimed invention must be within the technological arts. Mere ideas in the abstract (i.e., abstract idea, law of nature, natural phenomena) that do not apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts fail to promote the "progress of science and the useful arts" (i.e., the physical sciences as opposed to social sciences, for example) and therefore are found to be non-statutory subject matter. For a process claim to

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pass muster, the recited process must somehow apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts.

In the present case, claim 4 only recites an abstract idea. The recited steps of merely making of an offer participant pay attention to a message; executing payment with probability of winning and providing the payment does not apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts since all of the recited steps can be performed in the mind of the user or by use of a pencil and paper. These steps only constitute an idea of paying participants for paying attention to messages.

Additionally, for a claimed invention to be statutory, the claimed invention must produce a useful, concrete, and tangible result. In the present case, the claimed invention produces payment to participants (i.e., useful and tangible).

Although the recited process produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result, since the claimed invention, as a whole, is not within the technological arts as explained above, claim 4 is deemed to be directed to non-statutory subject matter.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goldhaber et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,855,008 and further in view of Kohorn U.S. Patent No. 5,508,731.

5. Regarding claim 4, Goldhaber teaches making an offer to recipients for attention of specified ad message; determining acceptance of the offer by recipients, with the probability being set to EV/Payoff; determining whether the selected recipients satisfies offer condition and based on positive determination, providing the Payoff to the selected one of the recipients: payoff being instantly visible as mathematically equivalent to cash (see col. 7 lines 23-67, col. 11 line 49 to col. 12 line 45 and col. 14 line 65 to col. 17 line 25). Goldhaber does not teach executing payment with probability of recipient winning set EV/Payoff. Kohorn teaches providing award to viewer or listener; acceptable answers instantly awarded with monetary coupons; and a number of sweepstake prizes being awarded to successful audience wherein the sweepstake prizes can be very large. Kohorn teaches the prospect of extraordinarily large prizes will attract viewers and listeners to any program at any time (see col. 115 lines 44-65). Kohorn also teaches that acceptable responses scored in order to skew the statistical probabilities of randomly determining on or more winners of the sweepstakes (see col. 117 line 23 to col. 118 line 34). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Goldhaber's payment for attention and Kohorn's awarding listeners and viewers and randomly determining winners within determined parameters. One would be motivated to award large prize to randomly selected viewers rather than awarding all viewers with small prize since large prize would attract viewers or listeners since to any program, as taught by Kohorn.

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Conclusion

1. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Yehdega Retta whose telephone number is (703) 305-0436. The

examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Eric Stamber can be reached on (703) 305-8469. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular

communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

ERIC W. STAMBER

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

**TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600** 

YR

May 15, 2003